



	<i>Infected Prisoner</i>	<i>Infected Staff</i>	<i>Dead Prisoner</i>	<i>Dead Staff</i>	
Lithuania	0	0			<p>* Since the pandemic, 38 detainees tested positive for Covid19, of which 3 are still active Covid19 detainees (1 sick and 2 post-Covid), 28 have since been cured, 6 detainees have been released and 1 has been placed under electronic surveillance. A total of 84 staff members have tested positive for Covid19 since the pandemic: 8 of them are currently absent because of Covid19 and 76 staff members have been cured from Covid19 and are back at work.</p> <p>* During the epidemic, there were 6 cases reported (members of administrative staff) in March-April 2020, all recovered.</p> <p>* As of 4th September 2020 the Northern Ireland Prison Service had ten staff and no prisoners test positive for COVID 19.</p> <p>There is 1 infected staff member (without any symptoms in home quarantine) and 1 infected prisoner (isolated in prison hospital).</p> <p>* 13 staff members have been infected, of which 12 are recovered and 9 inmates/convicted persons have been infected, of which all 9 have recovered.</p> <p>* There were two positive cases but they have recovered already and there are 20 recovered staff members</p> <p>* As of 4th September 2020 Estonian Prison Service had 10 staff (6 of them already recovered) and no prisoners test positive for COVID 19.</p> <p>* In the Swedish Prison and Probation Service we had in total of 140 cases of infected inmates, 133 prisoners have fully recovered. No infected staff.</p> <p>* Cumulative number 17 confirmed C-19 infections within the prison administration; 6 confirmed C-19 infections within forensic care; 3 confirmed C19 infections within correctional institutions for juvenile offenders.</p> <p>Current number 1 confirmed C-19 infection within the prison administration. Among officers: 50 active positives and 213 under observation. Among inmates: 52 active positives and 404 under observation.</p> <p>* INMATES</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 6 inmates infected as of 12 August 2020 • 243 recovered inmates • 30 COVID-positive inmates released and/or transferred to their home under the measure of "house arrest" • 4 inmates dead (of whom 2 died after being released from prison to "house arrest") <p>PENITENTIARY ADMINISTRATION STAFF</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 (one) staff member infected as of 12 August 2020 • 317 staff members recovered • 2 staff members dead <p>The number of Covid-19 infected inmates in Bulgarian prisons and detention centers: There are 1 inmate and 1 detainee infected by Covid-19. Staff members have been tested positive on Covid-19 - 2. 16 staff members are recovered. * 89 officers in quarantine & 270 inmates under quarantine</p> <p>* In Denmark, 3 inmates have tested positive. All three have recovered.</p> <p>* In the Romanian prison system, since the beginning of the epidemic, there have been 148 cases reported among prison staff and 0 cases reported among prison population, until the 31st August.</p>
Belgium	1	2			
Finland	0	0			
Northern Ireland	0	0			
Georgia	0	0			
Cyprus	0	0			
Hungary	0	0			
Slovakia	1	1			
Latvia	0	0			
Slovenia	0	0			
Poland	0	0			
Norway	0	1			
Czech Republic	0	4			
Estonia	0	4			
Sweden	7	0			
Netherlands	*	*			
Spain	52	50			
Israel	12	0			
Italy	6	1	4	2	
Luxembourg	3	0			
Bulgaria	2	2			
Spain - Catalonia	18	25			
Austria	0	0			
Slovenia	0	0			
Denmark	0	0			
Romani	0	*			

How many tests are you doing (% of the inmates and officers population)?

Northern Ireland	All new committals to prison are offered testing as part of the quarantine arrangements – we are quarantining all new committals for 14 days. Prisoners who become symptomatic are also isolated and tested for COVID-19. To date 990 prisoners have been tested. Staff testing began on 09 April 2020 and we offer testing for staff and their family members. 315 people have been tested through the NIPS process to date.
Luxembourg	There is no specific amount of tests that is being carried out. The number of tests depends on the number of new arrivals. Staff members are not being tested within their work context.
Poland	For the whole period of pandemic were done 1147 tests for inmates and 1249 tests for the staff members, They were done according to the recommendations of the Ministry of Health. a) show symptoms of a respiratory illness; b) have been in contact with a positively tested person, e. g. during employment outside the prison or after a positive test of a staff member; c) are being prepared for an extradition; d) enter the prison from areas with higher epidemiological risk. Since the breakout of the pandemic there have been done slightly over 200 tests among inmates (that equals to some 1 % ratio; the total number of inmates is 20 000).
Czech Republic	Staff-member testing is provided by public health authorities, either based on symptoms shown or after a proved contact with a (possibly) positive person. Data about number of tests among staff members are not available.
Slovakia	In July 2020, 131 inmates were tested and 31 prison staff members, i.e. 1,23% of inmates and 0,6% of prison staff members.
Norway	We do not keep statistics of this. All tests are done by the prisons health unit that is organized by the local municipality. Officers are not tested by the prison health unit and therefore we do not know that total number.
Estonia	In Estonia prisoners and prison staff are always tested in case of fever, cough or other cold-like symptoms. By the end of June Covid-19 tests had been performed to 600 staff, of which 6 were positive, but all these 6 staff members have recovered by now. By the end of spring 784 tests had been performed to prisoners, and up to now no prisoner has tested positive.

Are you doing proactive search of positives?

Northern Ireland	NIPS implemented Contact Tracing procedures on the 11 May 2020. Our procedures have been developed and agreed with our Public Health Agency and NIPS is responsible for contact tracing staff and prisoners within the NIPS estate. Our public Health Agency contact traces for staff external to the prison estate.
Luxembourg	New arrivals as well as detainees who are about to start working at a workshop are being tested proactively.
Poland	No
Czech Republic	No
Slovakia	Positives are proactively searched only in case of inmates admitted to prisons from abroad. Otherwise, persons are tested only based upon a positive anamnesis of a contact with a COVID-19 positive person or in case of COVID-19 symptoms.
Norway	Togheter with the health unit in each prison we monitor the prison population closely. Tests are performed only in cases if prisoners are suspected of having a COVID-19 infection – there were 39 such cases, for all of them the test results were negative.
Latvia	The material is sent to the National Reference Laboratory. The answer is provided within 24-36 hours to both the prison and the Centre for Disease Prevention and Control of the Ministry of Health.
Estonia	In all prisons once a week 10 staff members (i.e approximately 2,6 % of all staff) is proactively tested.

Are inmates having leaves?

Luxembourg	Leaves are taking place.
Poland	No
Czech Republic	Yes, but they are limited to 3 hours only. Specificities (differences from the “standard regime”) in this area are implemented depending on the dissemination degree of COVID-19 in the respective region. This degree is determined by the pandemic semaphore (a monitoring and signal system of the COVID-19 spread set by the Pandemic Plan of the Slovak Republic). If the pandemic semaphore of the respective region is green (endemic state), orange (slight epidemic state) and red (serious epidemic state), leaves outside prison are not forbidden. However, they are granted individually considering e.g. the place of their realisation (open or closed space), activity character and expected number of persons, the necessity to travel by public transport, if the prisoner is from an open unit or a closed prison and the like. In case a leave is granted, the prisoner has to follow all generally valid anti-epidemic instructions (use of masks in interiors, keeping the interhuman distance 2 meters and hand hygiene with disinfection). Upon return, prisoners’ body temperature is measured.
Slovakia	If the pandemic semaphore of the respective region is black (critical epidemic state), leaves are suspended.
Norway	Yes at this time we have no restrictions outside the ordinary There are no sick leaves for prisoners. As from 10 July, inmates serving a sentence in the open prison, Cesis Correctional Institution for Juveniles, in the highest sentence serving regime of a partially-closed prison, are allowed to shortly leave the prison territory (also in the framework of granted incentives).
Latvia	
Estonia	Yes

Are they having communications with personal contact (not using glasses)?

Northern Ireland	Prison visits were suspended IN March 2020 and virtual visits put in place. Face to face visits were reintroduced on 27 July 2020, but no physical touching is allowed. Closed prison: no physical contact during visits. Detainees and visitors remain separated by glass.
Luxembourg	Semi-open prison: no physical contact during visits (lawyers, social workers, etc). During their visits outside the prison, detainees are subjected to the regular recommendations of the Ministry of Health.
Poland	Visits only without the personal contact
Czech Republic	No, personal visits in prisons are facilitated with a Plexiglas only and number of visiting persons is limited to 2.
Slovakia	During the whole pandemic, visits are realized under organisational-technical restrictions and diversions from the legal conditions of their realisation. In case of green, orange and red colour of the pandemic semaphore, visits take place without any direct contact. In case of black, visits are suspended.
Norway	Yes, if they are not infected by Corona, contact between staff and inmate is as ordinary. We do try to keep 1 meter distance that is advised for all other people in the society.
Latvia	Following the cancellation of the state of emergency, prisoners can have face-to-face meetings with family members/ friends from 1 July 2020.
Estonia	Yes

Are they having treatment activities?

Northern Ireland	Healthcare has continued to be delivered throughout the pandemic, although it has been delivered in a different way. Telemedicine has been increased.
Luxembourg	Usual Healthcare has always been assured. All other activities (therapies etc.) have resumed. Detainees and their interlocutors have to wear masks and respect the barrier gestures.
Poland	Yes, the school started on 1st September, workshops even earlier.
Czech Republic	Treatment-programme activities are carried out with respect to hygienic rules, social distancing and limits on number of participants in group activities. In case of green, orange and red colour of the pandemic semaphore, those activities are considered that are realised in cooperation with external subjects. In case of black, activities realised in cooperation with external subjects are suspended and activities realised by the internal staff take place in an isolation way in the accommodation units (cells, rooms or units).
Slovakia	In case of green, orange and red colour of the pandemic semaphore, those activities are considered that are realised in cooperation with external subjects. In case of black, activities realised in cooperation with external subjects are suspended and activities realised by the internal staff take place in an isolation way in the accommodation units (cells, rooms or units).
Norway	Yes, but we do not have full groups to keep it easier to keep 1 meter distance. From 10 June the implementation of non-formal and interest educational programmes is renewed.
Latvia	From 1 August the mental care and free time activities for prisoners with involvement of third parties are restarted.
Estonia	Yes

Are they working without restrictions?

Luxembourg	Detainees must wear face masks while working. Other than that, all working activities take place as usual.
Poland	At the moment the inmates are working on the area of prisons and in the prison production halls. It is planned to restore employment outside the prison. We try to keep employment of inmates unrestricted, however there are restrictions applied by the (private) employers due to changes in their production given by impacts of the pandemic. As a result the number of currently employed inmates is about 1,300 less than it was before the pandemic (9,000 vs 7,700 now).
Czech Republic	All workshops are regularly checked focusing on strict following the measures. Contacts of prisoners with persons from outside are minimised, prisoners must wear masks and follow hygienic measures.
Slovakia	The result of the pandemic so far is a decrease of the employment rate by 7,74%.
Norway	Yes, they do, more or less. All workshops have disinfection fluids and make sure all personell and inmates have the advised social distance. At the moment, prisoners work according to the standard schedule and observing the epidemiologic safety measures. During the emergency state in Latvia, Inmates in the prison facility management worked according to the standard regime. In the prison factories set up by the companies, inmates worked in the usual way, while the employees of the companies confirmed that they had not been in contact with persons having Covid-19 infection.
Latvia	Inmates from open prisons were not sent to work outside the prison area.
Estonia	Yes