

## COVID-19 Feedback Collection 09 February 2021



Supported by the Justice Programme of the European Union

	Infected	Infected	Dead	Dead	
	Prisoner	Staff	Prisoner	Staff	
Austria	14	5			As of January 13, 2021
Belgium	32				Number of new positive cases on COVID 19 since 18/12/2020: - Prisoners : +7
					Since the start of the pandemic, 378 detainees have tested positive (18 new cases last week). There are currently 32 infectious COVID patients in a prison / 0 in an external hospital. 30 of the beds kept free for COVID patients (Bruges and Lantin) have been taken.
					No prisoners have died of Covid-19
Bulgaria	2	13			Current Covid-19 cases as of 07.01.2020: Inmates – 2; Prison staff – 13. Covid-19 cases since the beginning of the pandemic: Inmates – 53; Prison staff – 362. COVID-19 related deaths among inmates and prison staff since the beginning of the pandemic: Prison staff – 2; Inmates – 3.
Cyprus	0	7			No COVID cases for inmates in the prison establishments as from the COVID outbreak on 9th of Mar they did not return to prisons until their treatment was completed and with a negative PCR test.
					As regards the number of cases for staff, we had 7 officers that were contracted COVID due to their and they returned with a negative PCR test.
Czech Republic	753	373			
Croatia	12	13			please find below updated information on the COVID-19 related situation in the Croatian prison syst Infected prisoners: 12 Infected prison staff: 13 Infected probation staff: 0 (Self-)isolated prisoners: 44 Self-isolated prison staff: 9 Self-isolated probation staff: 0
Denmark	72	188			Number of COVID-19 cases from the Danish Prison and Probation Service as of February 8.th is still:         COVID-19 cases since the beginning of the pandemic:         Inmates:       72         Prison staff:       188
England and Wales					COVID-19 related deaths among inmates and prison staff since the beginning of the pandemic: 0 https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/hm-prison-and-probation-service-covid-19-statistics
Estonia	1	10			Here are the statistics update of the Estonian Prison Service as of 28.1.2021: Infected inmates: current cases 1 (total cumulative number of cases during the epidemic: 232) Infected staff: current cases 10 (total cumulative number of cases during the epidemic: 82)
Finland	2	0			COVID-19 situation in Finland, 18 January 2021: Prisoners - Current cases: 2 (total cumulative number of cases during the epidemic: 9, coronavirus-r Staff - Current cases: 0 (total cumulative number of cases during the epidemic : 15, coronavirus-rela
Georgia	0	0			

March till todate. However two of them while they were treated in the Psychiatric hospital they contracted COVID, so

neir social contacts for the period 9th of March till todate, and they stayed away from the service until they were treated

system and probation (active cases on 5th of February 2021):

is-related deaths: 0 ) elated deaths: 0 )

Hungary	95	504	Current COVID-19 cases as of 22/12/2020:
Trangary	55	504	Inmates - 95
			Prison staff – 504
			COVID-19 cases since the beginning of the pandemic:
			Inmates - 517
			Prison staff –1208
			COVID-19 related deaths among inmates and prison staff since the beginning of the pandemic – 2 inr
Ireland	52	249	Numbers in custody: 3,700
Israel	175	97	Inmates:
			175 confirmed.
			<ul><li>116 in quarantine.</li><li>2 are hospitalized outside the facilities in a public hospital.</li></ul>
			Staff:
			97 confirmed.
			221 in quarantine.
			2 hospitalized.
Italy	531	58	Please find below the data about COVID-19 infections among prisoners and staff as of Monday 1 Feb
			https://www.giustizia.it/giustizia/it/mg_2_27.page.
			PRISONERS
			Total number of prisoners present: 52549
			Infected prisoners (active cases as of 1 February 2021): 531
			Of which:
			484 without symptoms 21 with symptoms (followed inside prisons)
			26 hospitalized outside prisons
			PENITENTIARY POLICE STAFF
			Total number of Penitentiary Police staff members on duty: 36939
			Infected Penitentiary Police officers (active cases as of 1 February 2021): 599
			Of which:
			577 at home
			9 at their barrack room
			13 hospitalized
			PRISON GOVERNORS, ADMINISTRATIVE AND TECHNICAL STAFF
			Total number of staff: 4021
			Infected staff members (active cases as of 1 February 2021): 58
			Of which:
			58 at home
Latvia	2	31	Numbers as of February 9th
Lithuania	75	82	Here's the updated situation at the Lithuanian prison service (28-01-2021):
			Infected inmates: 75
			Infected staff: 82
			Infected probation staff: 5
Luxembourg	16		As of the 1st February, Luxembourg has counted overall 16 positive cases among detainees (since the
Malta	1	1	1 prisoner still not recovered

inmates

ebruary 2021, published on the webpage of the Italian Ministry of Justice

the beginning of the pandemic).

Moldova	87	320	On behalf of the National Administration of Penitentiaries Republic of Moldova, please find below up Inmates:
			Inmates:
			1) Total tests since the beginning of the pandemic – 272;
			2) Total confirmed inmates since the beginning of the pandemic – 87;
			3) At the treatment (active cases) – 0;
			4) Death among inmates – 0;
			Staff members:
			1) Total confirmed staff members since the beginning of the pandemic – 320;
			2) At the treatment (active cases) – 10;
			2) Death among staff members NAD 1
Netherlands	142		<ul> <li>137 confirmed C-19 infections among detainees within the prison administration;</li> <li>3 confirmed C-19 infections among detainees within forensic care;</li> <li>1 confirmed C-19 infection among detainees within a correctional facility for juvenile offenders;</li> <li>1 confirmed C-19 infections among detainees within detention centres;</li> <li>Total: 142 confirmed C-19 infections among detainees.</li> </ul>
Northern Ireland			The statistics for the Northern Ireland Prison Service are as follows:
			1,947 prisoners have been tested up to 16:00 hrs on 15/12/2020 and 45 results are awaited. 98 priso 2 prisoners have tested positive for COVID-19 within the general population, 4 prisoners tested posit hospital (outbreak on ward). No prisoners have died of Covid-19
Norway	44	88	As of 18th January, in total 88 staff members and 44 inmates/convicted persons have been infected
Poland	31	104	Find below updated information about the number of infections in Poland (01/02/2021): The total number of inmates: 68 828 of which 31 infected that constitutes 0.04 %. The total number of officers and civilian employees: 29 295 of which 104 infected that constitutes 0.04
Romania	0	*	* In the Romanian prison system, since the beginning of the epidemic, there have been 148 cases re
Slovakia	80	221	Current COVID-19 cases as of 22/12/2020: Inmates - 80 Prison staff – 221
			COVID-19 cases since the beginning of the pandemic: Inmates - 743 Prison staff –752
Slovenia	51	45	Current Covid-19 cases as of 27.01.2021:
			Inmates – 51; Prison staff – 45.
			Covid-19 cases since the beginning of the pandemic: Inmates – 179; Prison staff – 175.
			COVID-19 related deaths among inmates and prison staff since the beginning of the pandemic: Prison staff – 0; Inmates – 0.
Spain	699	344	Officers: Active cases 344 /Under observation 244 Inmates: 699/2484
Spain - Catalonia	56	74	In Catalonia, since March 2020 to date, the numbers are as follows:
			<ul> <li>Staff: 74 active cases (356 recovered, total 430)</li> <li>Immates: 56 active cases (472 recovered, total 528)</li> </ul>
			Unfortunately the rise in numbers in our prisons, reflects the rise in numbers in the community as in Family visits have not been suspended.

updated information on the COVID-19 as of 01.02.2021

isoners have refused the offer of testing. Isitive in committal quarantine, 1 prisoner tested positive prior to committal and 1 prisoner long-term in outside

ed by Covid-19. 8 staff members have still not recovered. All inmates/convicted persons have recovered.

s 0.35 %

reported among prison staff and 0 cases reported among prison population, until the 31st August.

in the whole of Spain we are experiencing the 3rd wave.

Sweden	34	#VALUE!		As of February second, the numbers of infected prisoners within the Swedish Prison and Probation Se					
				Total number of infected prisoners; 503					
				Total number of recovered prisoners (from Covid-19 infection); 469					
1)@/bat priorities a	ra givan ta tha	vaccination of	ariconors and	Currently infected prisoners: 34 staff members within the prison administration/service?					
•	-			considered as "vulnerable"?					
		•		nment to the prison population compared to other vulnerable populations?					
England and Wales	Whilst a mor	e robust model	for vaccinatio	on of staff and prisoners is under consideration here at HMPPS, currently both groups are being vaccinated in line with					
	https://www	.gov.uk/govern	ment/publica	tions/covid-19-vaccination-care-home-and-healthcare-settings-posters/covid-19-vaccination-first-phase-priority-gro					
Czech Republic	According to the National C19 vaccination strategy, prison staff members fall into the second priority group (the first group being people over the age of 80 and other members of the so-called critical infrastructure. Within the prison service, there are further priority subgroups - such as staff working at C19 units in prison treatment specialists (educators, psychologists), etc. Prisoners as a whole are not set as a separate priority group. Respecting the "equivalence of care", they shall be vaccinated on the same terms as the general								
	health condition.								
Denmark	1) Prison guards, healthcare staff and staff in critical functions will be prioritized.								
	2)Age Certain chro	nic diseases and	persons with	weakened immune systems					
			•	or with a BMI over 30 and one or more chronic diseases.					
	Pregnant wo	men							
	3)Inmates w	ill be vaccinated	with the rem	aining population if they are not considered vulnerable.					
	The Danish H	lealth Authority	has determin	ned that vaccinations is given in the following order:					
	1. Residents in nursing homes, etc.								
		ed ≥ 65 years wr ed ≥ 85 years.	o receive both	h personal care and practical assistance.					
			derly care and	d selected parts of the social sector who are at particular risk of infection or who has been identified as performing a					
	4. Personnel in healthcare, elderly care and selected parts of the social sector who are at particular risk of infection or who has been identified as performing a 5. Belected persons with conditions and diseases that result in a significantly increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19.								
	6.Selected re	latives of perso	ns at significa	ntly increased risk of severe illness from COVID-19 or relatives who are indispensable as carers.					
	7. <b>₽</b> eople age								
	8. People age								
	9. People age		ago who have	conditions and dispasss that put them at risk of sovere illness from COVID-19					
	10. People under 65 years of age who have conditions and diseases that put them at risk of severe illness from COVID-19.								
	11.Staff in other sectors critical to the functioning of society. 12.The remaining population, for example prioritized according to age.								
	Prison guards, healthcare staff and staff in critical functions are in category 11. Other categories of staff and inmates in category 12.								
Spain	regarding the vaccination of inmates and workers in our prisons:								
				ary Health holds weekly meetings on COVID measures and vaccination with the Ministry of Health and all health serv					
			and prison wo	orkers is included in the National COVID-19 Vaccination Plan like all Spaniards. We have agreed that each Autonomou					
	general popu	the prioritization.	ons in Snain						
	•	•	•	in all prisons are already being vaccinated just as health professionals in hospitals or health centres are being.					
				dy being vaccinated and we hope to finish in a few weeks.					
	o We are vaccinating with our prison nurses or public health nurses.								
	or this stage, the elderly homes and their staff are also vaccinated.								
	• In the 2nd phase, prison workers will be vaccinated for being essential staff (as well as firefighters, police, etc.). Also inmates given their vulnerability and be								
France	The governm	ient strategy is	in the process	of being deployed. As it stands, the guidelines of the Ministry of Solidarity and Health with regard to detainees are t					
	In concrete t	erms, since Jan	uary 18, 2021,	vaccinations have been gradually implemented for prisoners over 75 years old and / or at risk of comorbidity.					
	A national doctrine regarding public detainees is being finalized by the Ministry of Solidarity and Health to be sent to regional health agencies and health units								
	This involves specifying the challenges of logistics (including delivery of doses), assessment of needs by site, coordination with the prison authorities for cond								
Lithuania	1) Prison hea	athcare staff hav	ve already rec	eived vaccination. Prisoners will be vaccinated in line with the priorities set forth by the National health authorities.					
				dition) are detainees considered as "vulnerable"?					
	All prisoners are considered vulnerable as they are exposed to health risks.								
	3) Prisoners	shall be vaccina	ted on the sar	ne terms as the general vulnerable population depending on which priority group they fall under.					

with the priorities set in the community. This can be found on the GOV.UK website: groups

) and social-care homes' clients). The second priority group also consists of medical staff, the police, fire brigades, and prison hospitals, general medical staff in prison hospitals and in prisons, front-line prison guards and prisoner

eral population, i. e. priority shall be given according to their individual vulnerability status related to their age and

g a critical function in society.

ervices of the Autonomous Communities. nous Community includes prisons located in its territory (inmates and prison professionals) as well as includes the

because prisons are closed institutions.

re to align the priority public for the 1st vaccination campaign with the principle applied to the general population.

nits.

ncrete implementation.

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Belgium	In response to your question, I can tell you that this issue is also a concern to us.
-	A task force has also been set up at federal level in which the federated entities are also represented, given Belgium's institutional structure and their role in t
	Our wish is that the prisons will soon be included in the vaccination plan, especially in the wave of vaccination of the communities. We do not yet have a decision of the communities we do not yet have a decision of the communities we do not yet have a decision of the communities we do not yet have a decision of the communities will soon be included in the vaccination plan, especially in the wave of vaccination of the communities.
	At the level of the administration, we have developed priorities between institutions according to the vulnerability of the prison population: institutions with o
	is being drawn up for a first institution, which will also serve as a test for subsequent institutions.
	We do not yet have a date, depending on the delivery of the vaccines, which is not clear at the moment and we are awaiting a decision from the task force.
Northern Ireland	Vaccination policy in Northern Ireland is based on the recommendations and advice provided by the independent Joint Committee on Vaccination and Immuni
	The most recent JCVI advice on prioritisation of the vaccine was published on 30 December 2020 and the ranking of priorities is a combination of clinical risk st
	relevant guidance is provided below:
	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/priority-groups-for-coronavirus-covid-19-vaccination-advice-from-the-jcvi-30-december-2020/joint-committee priority-groups-advice-on-30-december-2020.
	Vaccinations in prison settings will be in line with the JCVI recommendations and the first prisoners who meet these criteria have been vaccinated.
Israel	The Israel Prison Service got priority for the vaccine from the government. We were second in the priority staff and inmate.
	As of Feb 2 :
	Staff vaccination
	93% received the first shot.
	44% received the second shot.
	Inmates vaccination:
	74% received the first shot.
Slovakia	Vaccination policy in Slovakia is given by the Regulation of the Ministry of Health that stipulates the order of precedens. Prison population as such is not menti
	Detention and Act on Prison Sentence Execution: inmates have the right to the health care in the extent available for the general population.
	Medical staff is in the first phase of the vaccination that is over at the moment, thus all prison medical staff who wanted to be vaccinated, has already received
Bulgaria	In regards of your request concerning the vaccine strategy and the vaccination of prisoners and staff members, below you will find short description of Bulgari
	According to the strategy there are 5 stages of vaccination, as follow: 1st stage covers a group of persons (first line medical staff in hospitals, dentists, pharmacists etc.) with high risk of infection and also the risk that they can training
	2nd stage covers staff of social institutions, pedagogical specialists and staff of mink farms.
	3rd stage covers staff from different areas responsible for essential public activities. At this stage are included the staff members from the prisons, probation
	services and detention centers who have expressed a desire to get vaccination.
	4th stage are included elderly people and over 65 years of age and persons with concomitant diseases.
	5th stage are included vulnerable groups and the criteria is high risk of infection because of their way of life. According to the strategy prisoners are included a
Estonia	1)In Estonian Prison Service priority is given to medical personnel and prison staff providing escort between housing and medical units. Next priority groups ar support structure staff
	As a whole, Estonian Prison Service follows the Estonian National Vaccine Plan which gives priority to: Health care workers and people working in health care i
	diagnoses.
	2) According to the same criteria stated in the Estonian National Vaccine Plan.
	3)In Estonia vaccination is implemented following the National Vaccination Plan. There is no special regulation or priority given to the prison population.
Ireland	1) Prisons, staff and prisoners are considered as a vulnerable setting and vaccination will be administered in line with the priority groups as set out by Government as a set out by G
	2) Age>65, chronic diseases and immunosuppressed
	3)Prisoners are considered equivalent to vulnerable groups within the general population, ie the same clinical criteria apply as to vulnerable groups with chror

n the vaccination of the population. cision on this matter.

n older and interned populations, institutions with medical centres, annexes). A vaccination plan for inmates and staff

## inisation (JCVI)'

stratification and an age-based approach, which should optimise both targeting and deliverability. A link to the

ee-on-vaccination-and-immunisation-advice-on-priority-groups-for-covid-19-vaccination-30-december-2020#vaccine-

ntioned there, i.e. rules valid for the general population apply what is guaranteed also by the Act on Pre-trial

ved the jab.

arian strategy, implemented by the government.

ransmit the infection to vulnerable groups.

on services and detention centers. As of 26 of January 2021 there are app. 700 staff members from prisons, probation

d at this stage with no other criteria.

are: 1) risk group prisoners; 2) rest of prison officers and staff who have direct contact with prisoners; 3) prison

e institutions; Employees and residents of care institutions; All people over the age of 70 and people with certain

nment;

onic conditions